CGC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier CGC Sheetrock® Brand Sheetrock® [5/20/45/90] Setting-Type Joint Compound

Other means of identification

SDS number 61001020002

Synonyms Joint Compound (Setting Type), Finishing Compound, Taping Compound, Mud

Recommended use Interior use.

Recommended restrictionsUse in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name CGC Inc.

Address 350 Burnhamthorpe Road West, 5th Floor

Mississauga, Ontario L5B 3J1 A Subsidiary of USG Corporation

Telephone1-800-387-2690Websitewww.cgcinc.comEmergency phone number1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1A

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of in accordance with local, provincial, and federal regulations.

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Perlite	93763-70-3	< 10
Attapulgite	12174-11-7	< 5

Impurities	CAS number	%	
Crystalline silica (quartz)	14808-60-7	< 0.75	

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. The weight percent of respirable crystalline silica found in this product is < 0.75%. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica during the normal use of this product must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move

injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Skin contactContact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Eye contact Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical

assistance.

Ingestion Plaster of Paris hardens and if ingested may result in stomach and intestinal blockage. Drinking

gelatin solutions or large volumes of water may delay setting.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of intended use, this product is not expected to be a health risk. Dust may

irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed
General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Not a fire hazard.

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in

case of fire.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Vacuum up the spilled material. Vacuums used for this purpose should be equipped with HEPA filters. Containers must be labeled. Collect in approved containers and seal securely. For waste

disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Minimize dust production when mixing, sanding, or opening and closing bags. Avoid inhalation of

dust. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good

industrial hygiene practices and use appropriate lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Avoid contact with acids, water, and moisture.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Dust	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Dust	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		10 mg/m3	Total particulate.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable particles.

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Dust	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
(CAS 14808-60-7)			

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Dust	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labour - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Attapulgite (CAS 12174-11-7)	TWA	1 fibers/cm3	Fiber.
Dust	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Impurities	Туре	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable dust.

Biological limit valuesNo biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controlsProvide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin

contact use suitable protective gloves.

Other Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

CGC Sheetrock® Brand Sheetrock® [20/45/90] Setting-Type Joint Compound 931435 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 11-January-2016

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

Thermal hazards None.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment separately from regular wash. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical stateSolid.FormPowder.ColourOff-white.

Odour Low to no odour.

Odour threshold Not applicable.

pH 7.5 - 10.1

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling

Not applicable.

range

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable.

Explosive limit – upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Vapour pressureNot applicable.Vapour densityNot applicable.Relative density0.6 - 0.9 (H2O=1)

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot applicable.Decomposition temperatureNot applicable.ViscosityNot applicable.

Other information

Bulk density 600 - 900 kg/m³ VOC (Weight %) None detected.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions

. .

Conditions to avoid When mixed with water this product can become very hot. Encasing or making moulds of any body

part can cause serious burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue and even

amputation of encased body part.

produce large amounts of heat. Crystalline silica in contact with powerful oxidizing agents, such as fluorine, chlorine trifluoride and oxygen difluoride, may cause fires. Crystalline silica will dissolve in

hydrofluoric acid and produce a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Calcium oxides. Sulphur oxides. Silicon oxides. Above 800°C (1472°F) limestone (CaCO3) can

decompose to lime (CaO) and release carbon dioxide (CO2).

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne

respirable crystalline silica can cause silicosis and/or lung cancer.

Skin contact Under normal conditions of intended use, this product does not pose a skin hazard.

Eye contact Direct contact with airborne particulates may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Dust may irritate eyes and mucous membranes of the nose, throat and upper respiratory system

causing sneezing and/or coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin sensitisationNot a skin sensitiser. Plaster of Paris has displayed little sensitization potential.

Germ cell mutagenicity Data does not suggest that this product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable crystalline silica may cause cancer.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Carcinogen category

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Suspected human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

SILICA, CRYSTALLINE-.ALPHA.-QUARTZ, Suspected human carcinogen. RESPIRABLE FRACTION (CAS 14808-60-7)

Canada - Quebec OELs: Carcinogen category

Attapulgite (CAS 12174-11-7)

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Detected carcinogenic effect in humans.

Suspected carcinogenic effect in humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Attapulgite (CAS 12174-11-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

No data available, but none expected.

3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity Not expected to be a reproductive hazard.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

ingle exposure

repeated exposure

Not classified. For detailed information, see section 16.

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged and routine inhalation of high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles can lead to

the lung disease known as silicosis. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of

scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be

monitored and controlled.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityThe product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability Calcium sulfate dissolves in water forming calcium and sulfate ions.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsDispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

sed

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

16. Other information

Issue date 11-January-2016

Revision date - 01

Further information

Attapulgite: Carcinogenic to experimental animals via a route of exposure not relevant to human exposure per ACGIH.

Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer.

Plaster of Paris: Is classified as a hazardous substance but is generally considered a safe material for routine use. When plaster of Paris is used responsibly it is not considered as a dangerous material. However, when mixed with water this product can become very hot. DO NOT attempt to make a cast enclosing any part of the body. Encasing any body part can cause serious burns and even amputation of the encased body part.

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA ratings

Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.